PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference KOHEPA0302WO		FOR FURTHER ACTION See Form PCT/IPEA/416					
Intornational application			International filing date (d 22.12.2004	ay/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 22.12.2003		
		ication (IPC) or n	national classification and IPC)			
G02F1/	365						
Applicant KOHEF	RAS A/S et al						
Αι	uthority under Ai	ticle 35 and tra	insmitted to the applicant	according to Article	this International Preliminary Examining e 36.		
			of 6 sheets, including thi				
3. Th	nis report is also	accompanied	by ANNEXES, comprising	g: 	ata as fallennos		
а.	Sent to the	applicant and	to the International Burea	u) a total of 3 she	ets, as follows:		
	sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).						
	sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the						
b	Supplemental Box. b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a						
		liation and/orta	ables related thereto, in co e Listing (see Section 802	imomer readable id	Jill Offix, as indicated in the eapprending		
	Box Relati	ng to Sequenc	e Listing (see Cooken co.	2 01 1110 / 1011111111111111111111111111	•		
4. T	his report conta	ins indications	relating to the following it	ems:			
	Box No. I	Basis of the o	pinion				
	Box No. II	Priority					
	Box No. III			rd to novelty, inven	tive step and industrial applicability		
	Box No. IV	Lack of unity of	of invention				
	☑ Box No. V	applicability; o	itations and explanations	supporting such st	velty, inventive step or industrial atement		
	∃ Box No. Vì	Certain docun		II 11			
☐ Box No. VII Certain defects in the international appli							
	☐ Box No. VIII	Certain obser	vations on the internation	ai application			
Date of	submission of the	demand		Date of completion	of this report		
23.09.2005				01.03.2006			
Name and mailing address of the international				Authorized Officer	uches Potentame		
preliminary examining authority: ———— European Patent Office					oner M. ta		
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/053653

	Box No. I Basi	s of the report					
1.	With regard to the filed, unless othe	regard to the language , this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
	☐ This report is which is the	s based on translations from the original language into the following language , language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:					
	☐ publicatio☐ internatio	onal search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) on of the international application (under Rule 12.4) onal preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)					
2.	hava haan furnis	e elements * of the international application, this report is based on <i>(replacement sheets which the the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this ally filed" and are not annexed to this report):</i>					
	Description, Page	es					
	1-19	as originally filed					
	Claims, Numbers						
	1-16	filed with telefax on 14.02.2006					
	Drawings, Sheets	s					
	1/7-7/7	as originally filed					
	☐ a sequence	elisting and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing					
3		ments have resulted in the cancellation of: cription, pages					
		ns, Nos. 1-20 vings, sheets/figs					
	□ the sear	uence listing <i>(specify)</i> : e(s) related to sequence listing <i>(specify)</i> :					
4	had not been m Supplemental B	has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below lade, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Box (Rule 70.2(c)).					
	☐ the clair	cription, pages ms, Nos.					
	☐ the sea	wings, sheets/figs uence listing <i>(specify)</i> : le(s) related to sequence listing <i>(specify)</i> :					
	* If item	4 applies, some or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded."					

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/053653

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

il 1

1. Statement

Novelty (N) Yes: Claims 1-20

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS) Yes: Claims 1-20

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA) Yes: Claims 1-20

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Re Item V.

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty and inventive step; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Reference is made to the following document:

D1: DATABASE INSPEC [Online] THE INSTITUTION OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, STEVENAGE, GB; September 2003 (2003-09), TOWN G E ET AL: "Optical supercontinuum generation from nanosecond pump pulses in an irregularly microstructured air-silica optical fiber" XP002326599 Database accession no. 7855768.

2. INDEPENDENT CLAIM 1

2.1 The document D1 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 1, and shows (the references in parentheses applying to this document):

A source of light of a spectrum of wavelengths extending over more than 300nm (see figures 2 and 3)

comprising

 a laser (Nd:YAG) which operates at its fundamental wavelength in the range [1000-1100]nm (namely: 1064nm) and produces pulses of a duration longer than 0.5ns (namely: 42ns)

and

- a micro-structured optical fibre arranged to guide the pulses wherein the light is generated by the pulses in the fibre.
- 2.2 The subject-matter of claim 1 differs from this known source of light in that
 - the fibre has a core with a diameter greater than 4μm;
 - (ii) the fibre has a zero dispersion wavelength between [1000-1100]nm;
 - (iii) the fibre is arranged to support propagation of the light in a single transverse mode at all wavelengths in the spectrum of wavelengths;
 - (iv) the laser is a monolithic laser.
- 2.3 The subject-matter of claim 1 is therefore new (Article 33(2) PCT).
- 2.4 The problem to be solved by the present invention may be regarded as how to provide a broad single-mode spectrum light source enabling a higher output power of the supercontinuum spectrum compared to the source of D1 while having a more compact design.

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2.5 The solution to this problem proposed in claim 1 of the present application is considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) for the following reasons:

Although the skilled person would - without using inventive activity - introduce distinguishing features (iii) (e.g. by exchanging the random type fibre of D1 with a solid core photonic crystal fibre having hexagonal symmetry) and (iv) when trying to solve the sub-problems of how to provide a single-mode spectrum and an overall compact design, he would not be led straightforwardly to introduce features (i) or (ii) or even both concomitantly. This is because firstly, with regard to feature (i), the skilled person would try to keep the core size as small as possible - instead of using a relative large size of 4µm or even more - in order to promote non-linear effects in the fibre. Secondly, to set the zero dispersion wavelength of the fibre close to the pump wavelength (feature (ii)) in order to increase the non-linear efficiency is not indicated in D1 or suggested in any other document at hand for the ns-regime pump pulses used in the device.

3. INDEPENDENT CLAIM 16

3.1 As a consequence of the of what has been set out under point 2 above with regard to the device of claim 1, it follows that also claim 16 meets the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step, because the subject-matter defined therein relates to a process for generating light by providing, arranging and using each component of the device of claim 1.

4. DEPENDENT CLAIMS 2-15

4.1 Claims 2-15 are dependent on claim 1 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.

CERTAIN REMARKS (regarding defects noted in the present application):

- 5.1 The independent claims have not been written in the two-part form (as would be required by Rule 6.3(b) PCT).
- 5.2 The features of the claims have not been provided with reference signs placed in parentheses (as would be required by Rule 6.2(b) PCT).
- 5.3 The unit "microns" employed in claims 1, 13 and 16 and in the description (e.g. on p.6, l.5) has not been additionally expressed in terms of the unit stipulated by Rule 10.1(a) PCT.
- 5.4 The term "pitch" as used in claim 14 is ambiguous, as it could also refer to the pitch of

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the fibre in the conventional sense (imaging properties of GRIN fibres). It is recommended to use the term "hole-to-hole pitch" instead in the claim.

- 5.5 The order and the assignment of the spectra of figures 4 and 5 appear to have been confused.
- 5.6 From figure 8 it is not clear which curve represents data for fibre O and which one represents data for fibre P.
- 5.7 Caption of figure 7 refers to "colour".

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A BROAD SPECTRUM LIGHT SOURCE

CLAIMS

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- 1. A source of light of a spectrum of wavelengths extending over more than 300 nm, comprising a laser, which operates at or near its fundamental wavelength in the range 1000 nm to 1100 nm and produces pulses of a duration longer than 0.5 ns, and a micro-structured optical fibre arranged to guide the pulses, wherein the light is generated by the pulses in the fibre, and in which the micro-structured optical fibre has a core having a diameter greater than 4 microns and a zero dispersion wavelength between 1000 nm and 1100 nm, and is arranged to support propagation of the light in a single transverse mode at all wavelengths in the spectrum of wavelengths, and in which the laser is a monolithic laser.
- 15 2. A source as claimed in claim 1, in which the monolithic laser is a microchip laser.
 - 3. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the pulses of light are of a duration of more than 1 ns, such as more than 2 ns, such as more than 3 ns, such as more than 4 ns, such as more than 5 ns, such as more than 8 ns, such as more than 10 ns.
 - 4. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the pulses have a peak power of less than 50 kW, such as less than 20 kW, such as less than 15 kW, such as less than 10 kW, such as less than 3 kW, such as less than 1 kW.
 - 5. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the pulses have a peak power and interact with the fibre over a length of the fibre such that the peak power times the interaction length is less than 2 kWm, such as less than 1 kWm, such as less than 500 Wm.
 - 6. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the spectrum extends over more than 500 nm, such as over more than 700 nm.

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- 7. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the fundamental wavelength is longer than 600 nm.
- 5 8. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the micro-structured optical fibre has a zero dispersion wavelength λ_0 and the operating wavelength of the laser is less than the zero dispersion wavelength.
- 9. A source as claimed in any of claims 1 to 7, in which the micro-structured optical fibre has a zero dispersion wavelength λ_0 and the operating wavelength of the laser is greater than the zero dispersion wavelength.
 - 10. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the micro-structured optical fibre is arranged to support propagation of the pulses in a single transverse mode.
 - 11. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the micro-structured optical fibre is arranged to support propagation of light at all wavelengths in a single transverse mode.
 - 12. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the micro-structured fibre has a pitch greater than 2.5 microns, such as greater than 2.7 microns, such as greater than 2.9 microns.
- 25 13. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the micro-structured fibre has a core having a diameter greater than 4.5 microns, such as greater than 4.8 microns.
- 14. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the micro-structured fibre
 30 has a cladding region comprising an array of holes of diameter d and pitch Λ, in which d/Λ is less than 0.7, such as less than 0.6, such as less than 0.5, such as less than 0.4.

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- 15. A source as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the micro-structured fibre has an effective nonlinear area greater than 8 μm^2 , such as greater than 9 μm^2 , such as greater than 12 μm^2 , such as greater than 15 μm^2 .
- 5 16. A method of generating light of a spectrum of wavelengths extending over 300 nm, comprising operating a monolithic laser at or near its fundamental wavelength in the range 1000 nm to 1100 nm to provide pulses of light of a duration longer than 0.5 ns and guiding the pulses in a micro-structured optical fibre, and in which the micro-structured optical fibre is arranged to have a core with a diameter greater than 4 microns and a zero dispersion wavelength between 1000 nm and 1100 nm, and to support propagation of the light in a single transverse mode at all wavelengths in the spectrum of wavelengths.